Paris, Le Bourget Climate Generation Village 10<sup>th</sup> December 2015

Institute for Climate Economics Les enjeux de la certification carbone agricole et forestiere en Europe

# Italian Initiative: Italian Forest Carbon Code



### Lucio Brotto

Climate Change and Ecosystem Services Director ETIFOR – Padova University Spin-off

# Who collect what data?



- Carbon Monitoring Group
- Since 2012
- Funded by Italian Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

2 Outputs:
→ State of the Voluntary Forest Carbon Market in Italy
→ Forest Carbon Code = best practice guideline

## Independent, harmonization, transparency and confidentiality

## www.rivistasherwood.it/serviziecosistemici



## 1. Voluntary Forest Carbon Market in Italy 2011-2015

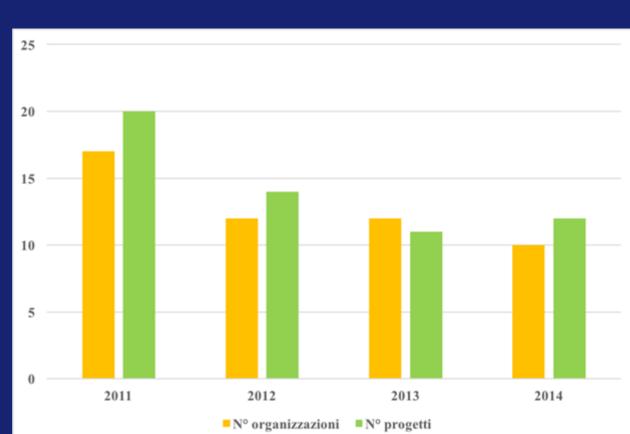
## 2. The Forest Carbon Code for Italy

## **Presentation available at the web-site:**

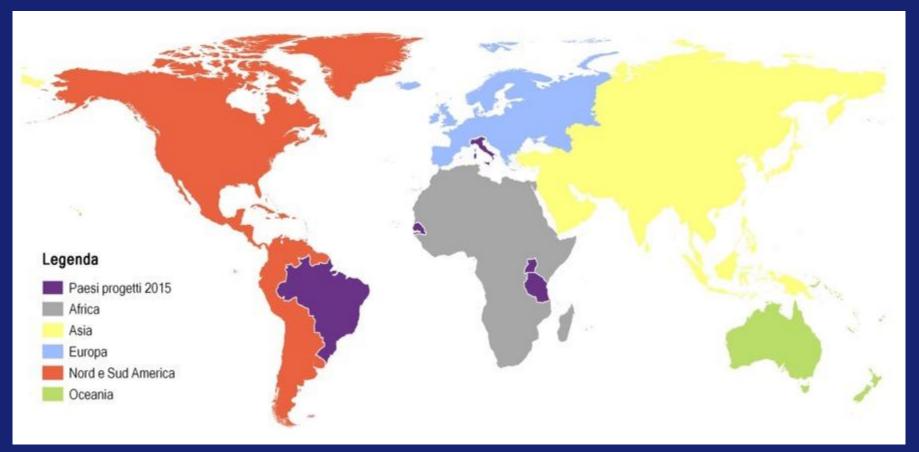
www.etifor.com/en/Company-Profile/Staff/Lucio-Brotto.htm

# Projects

- 57 active projects
- 12 projects detected in 2014
- forest area impacted in 2014: 16.000 ha
- mostly micro = less than 5.000 tCO2e/y
- NGO lead sector
- Private UP
- Public DOWN

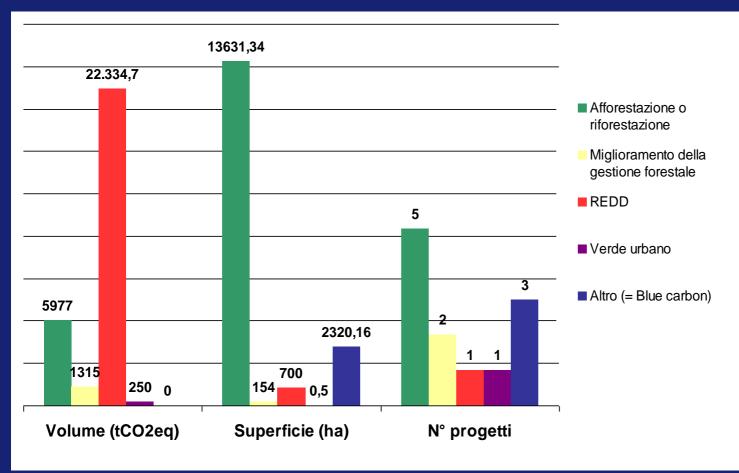


# Location in 2014



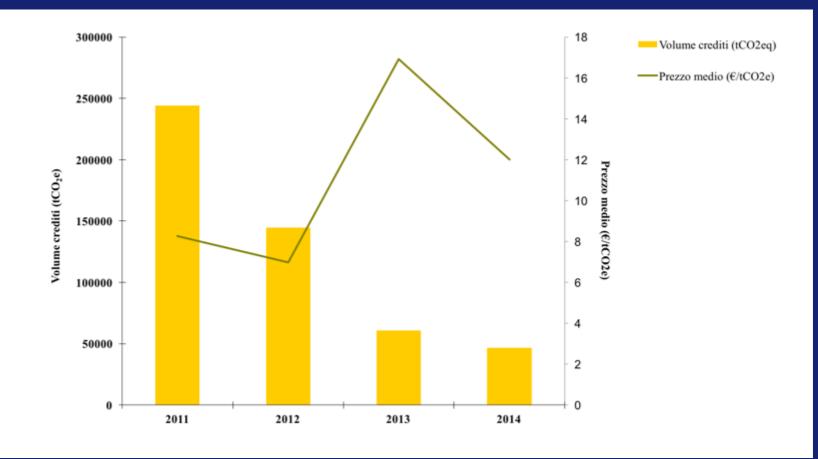
- Projects in: Italy, Senegal, Uganda, Tanzania and Brazil
- Mostly in Italy BUT small size
- Africa and South America: few project but larger size

# What projects in 2014?



- IFM: aging cuts from coppice to high stands
- Blu carbon: fixation by algae

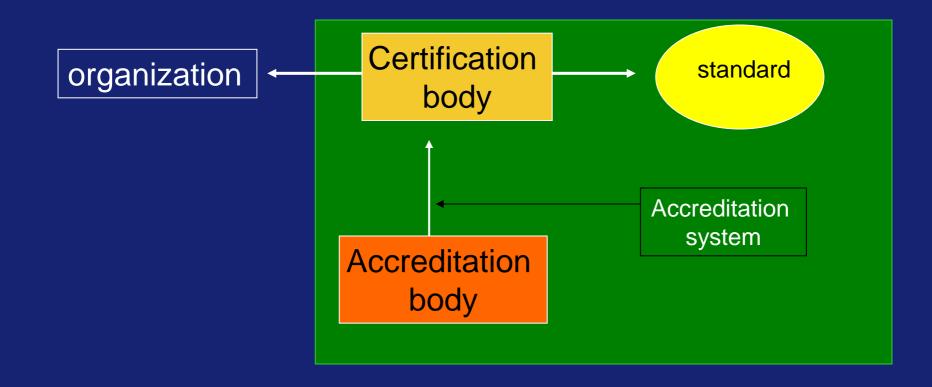
## Volumes, values and prices



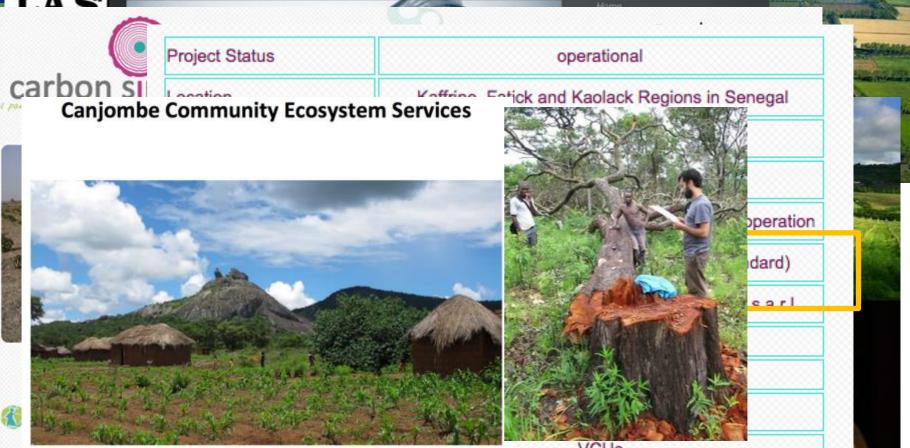
- volume sold in 2014: 46.720 tCO<sub>2</sub>e
- value sold: 560.643 €
- average price: 12 €/tCO<sub>2</sub>e (2.6 67 €/tCO<sub>2</sub>e)
- 2% of the value of European Voluntary Forest Carbon Market

# First, Second or Third-claim certification

## The certification process



# A sample of projects



VCUs

#### cultivated lands, by deve

are foreseen to cover a total area of 1411 hectares of degraded soils mainly in the surroundings of the cities of Ourour and Kaffrine, The plantations will be located near villages around these cities to limit the transport and facilitate the access of inhabitants hired for the project implementation. Local workers will be trained also for sustainable agricultural and forestry practices during the project.

aziende a un progetto di gestione forestale di alcune aree piemontesi. Lo scopo è quello di avviare una gestione attiva delle aree boschive e accrescere gli assorbimenti di carbonio, consentendo al contempo un flusso di reddito aggiuntivo attraverso la vendita dei crediti di CO2.

satenite images.

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ID

to

# **Standards and guidelines**

- In 2014 only 2 projects use third party certification
- 17 guidelines/standards used so far (only 9 third party)

## Due to:

- Short value chain: 92% of credits are "retired"
- Diversified project types: 8 types of project
  - 1. REDD
  - 2. Afforestation/Reforestation
  - 3. Biochar
  - 4. Urban Forestry
  - 5. Green Infrastructures
  - 6. Improved Forest Management
  - 7. Carbon in Harvested Wood Products
  - 8. Blu carbon
- Lack of grouping and aggregation
- Micro scale of projects



REDD, 300-500 credits/ha 900-1500€ VERs → 5000+ ha

GI, 200-300 credits/ha 2000-3000€ VERs → 500+ ha

## A/R, 200-300 credits/ha 2000-3000€ VERs → 500+ ha

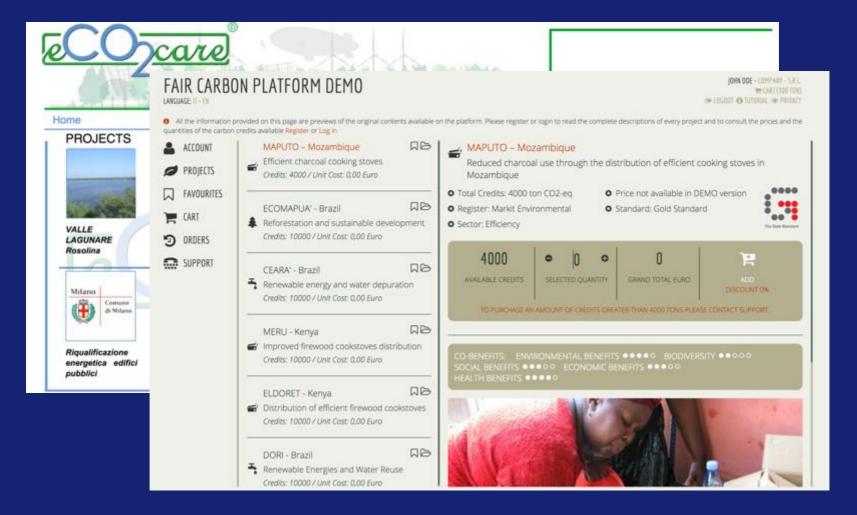


IFM, 10-80 credits/ha 150-1200€ VERs → 10000+ ha



BC, 600-900 credits/ha ???? € VERs → ???? ha ALM, 1-20 credits/ha ???? € VERs → ???? ha

# **Market Innovations**



- Integration with Common Agriculture Policy funds for 2014-2020
- Integration with voluntary forest certification standards (FSC & PEFC)



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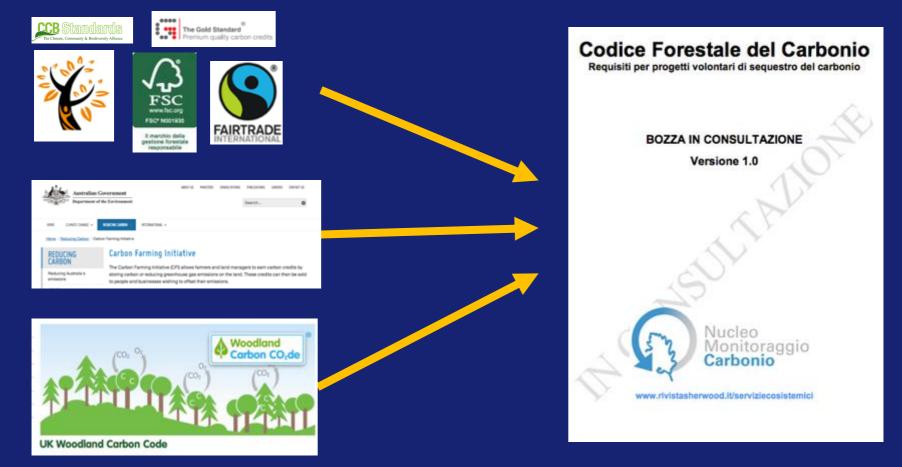
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# **Italian Forest Carbon Code**

- Good Practices guideline, NO standard. Only for Italy
- 3 years consultation with 400 participants
- CURRENTLY: waiting for Italian Ministry of Environment



# **Solutions**

- Structure: Principles, Criteria, Verifiers, Guidelines
- Validation by accredited certification body (e.g. VCS, FCS)
- NO limits: IFM, biochar, Arboriculture, A/R after 2008, URB, GI, etc.
- Additionality: 3 test, beyond CAP requirements
- Use of a register
- Management plan (e.g. FSC and/or PEFC)
- Buffer: min 15%
- Grouped projects for < 1.000 tCO2/year
- Ex-ante (like Gold Standard)
- Buyers need LCA & carbon footprint requirements
- Double counting, OK no problem, just communication

## An European approach?

- Austria: 2013 monitoring project VCM-AT, biomass projects since 2007 with Climate Austria and Ökoregion Kaindorf
- **Belgium:** only explorative studies, differences among regions
- France: projects since 2006 then into ETS, now issues with small scale and methodologies for agriculture
- Germany: in 2012 3.3 M tCO<sub>2</sub>e retired of which 10% generatted in Germany. *Moor Futures* for peat lands
- Netherlands: in 2012 the Green Deal purposed by Gov, ok IFM and A/R, no certification because of small scale
- UK: WCC since 2011, certification, so far 199 projects, Markit

(Ivleva et al, 2015)

## An European approach?

- Spain: Spanish Carbon Initiative, 5 A/R for non ETS companies. Since 2011 also Fondo de Carbono para una Economía Sostenible with Gov buying spanish projects
- Switzerland: domestic market with Swiss Attestations payed by fossil fuel importers, projects with CDM methodologies (e.g. biofuels)

## **ECOSTAR Project**

UK, Italy, USA, Spain, Romania 2016-2019

- Analysis of European initiatives for market of CO2, water and biodiversity
- Market studies in collaboration with Ecosystem Marketplace

(Ivleva et al, 2015)

# Thanks, questions?

Lucio Brotto lucio.brotto@etifor.com